



key word_consumption

presentation_nr.3/13,may,2009

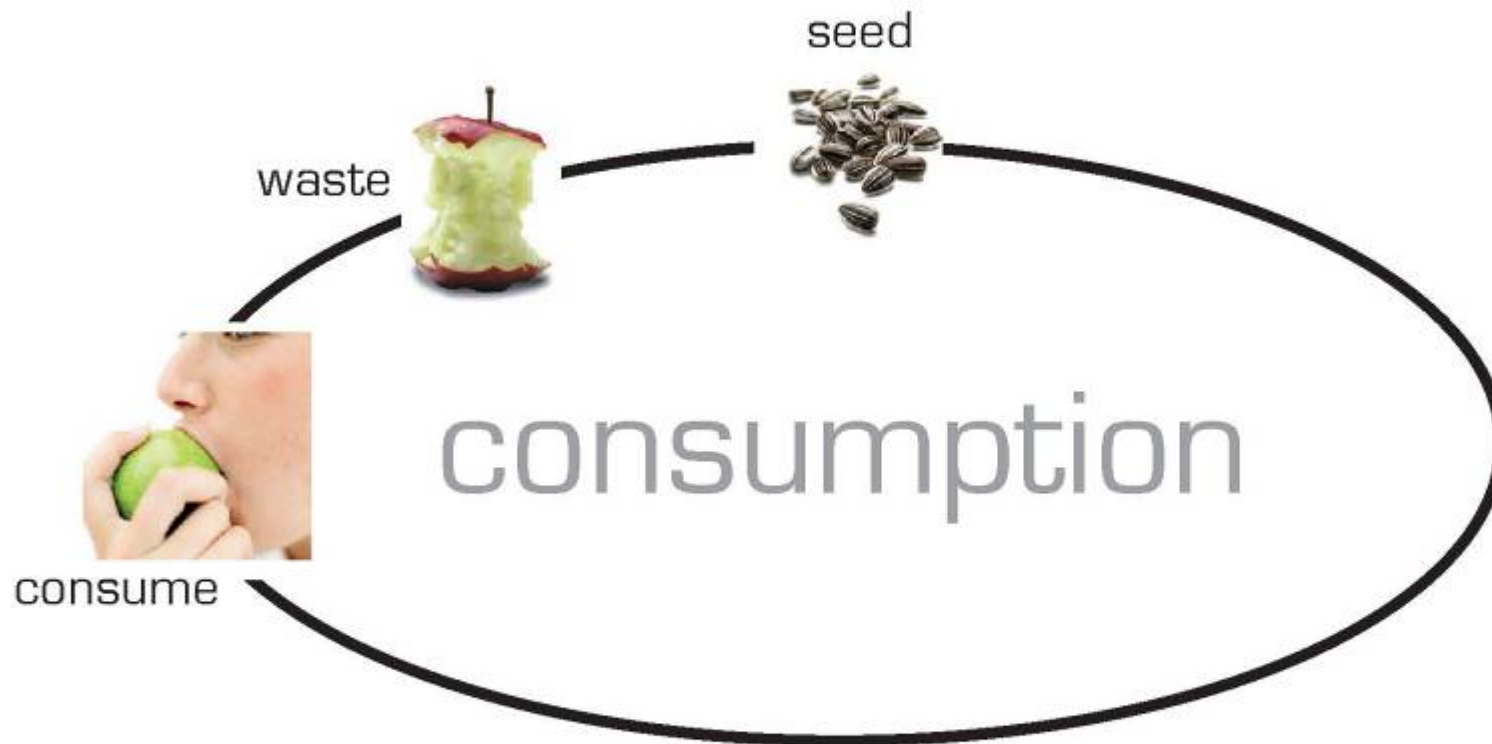
group03_luiza barone, matteo verzelloni, davide luca, guendalina ciancimino, thomas hojeremo, boris murnig

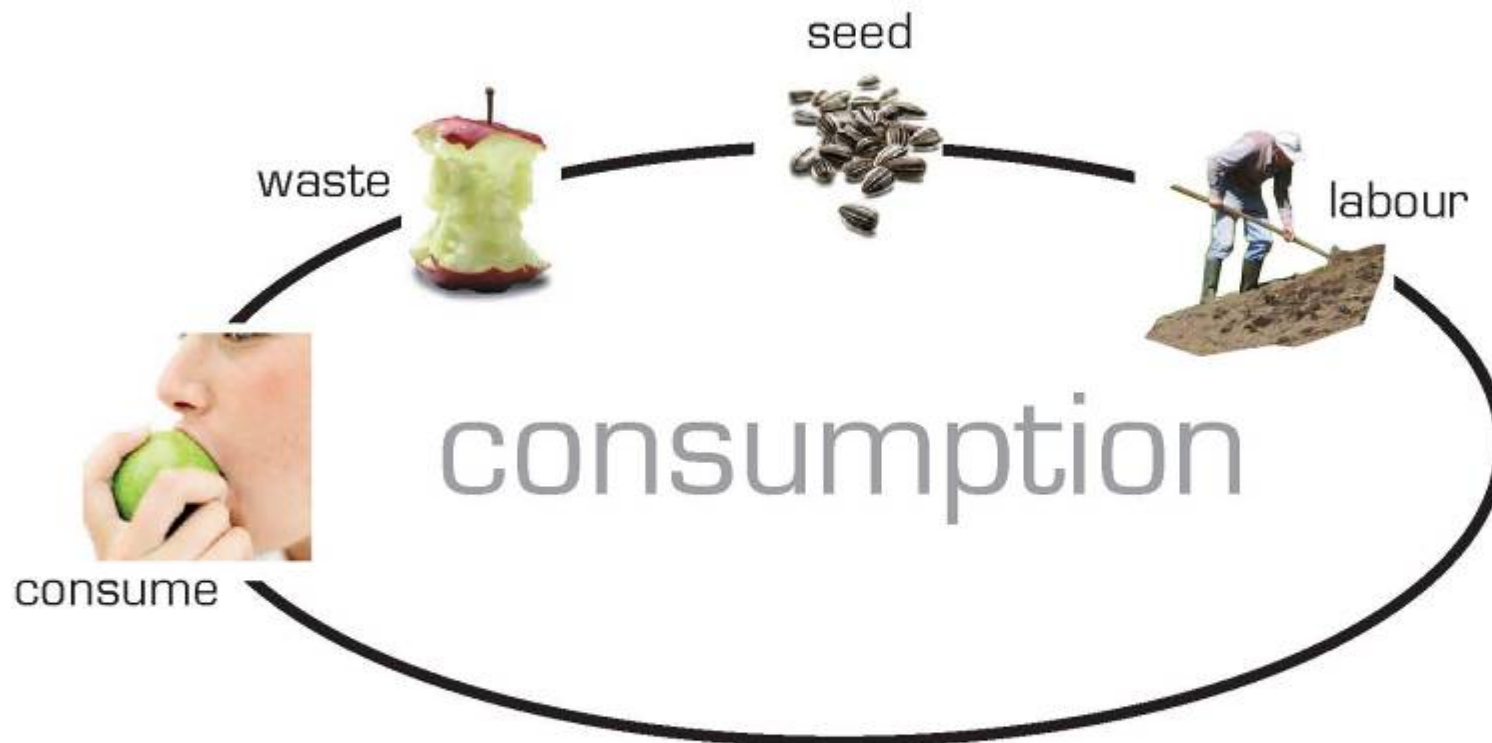


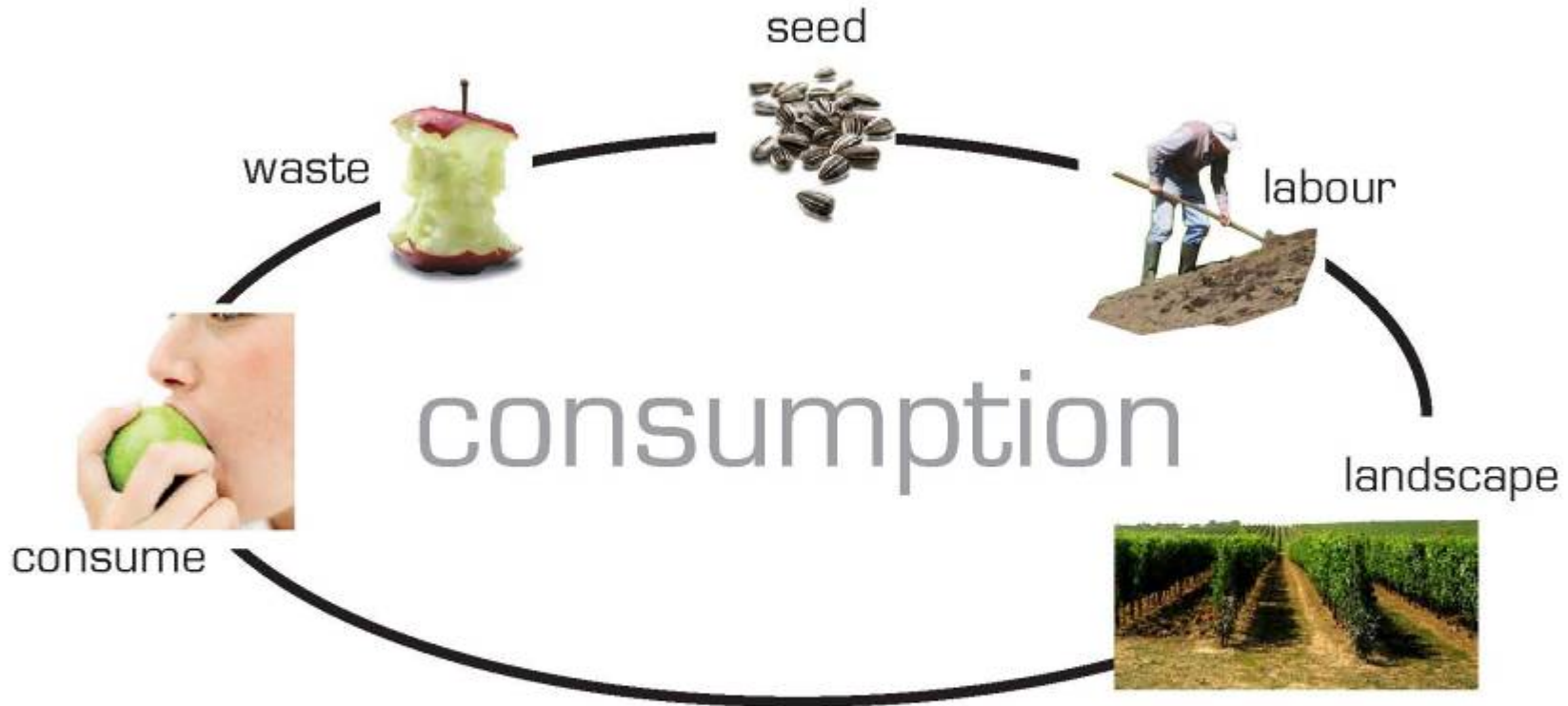
consume

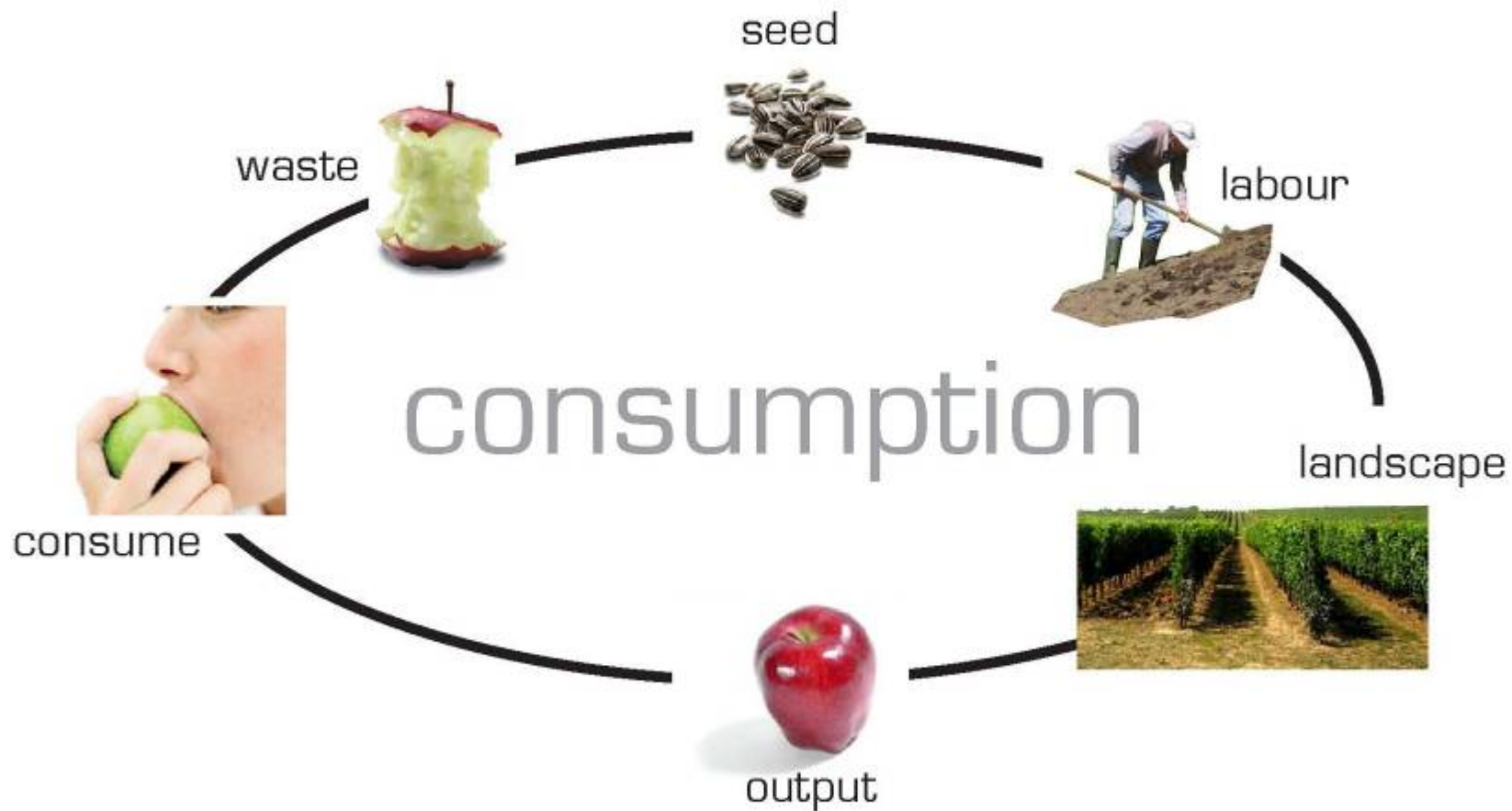
consumption

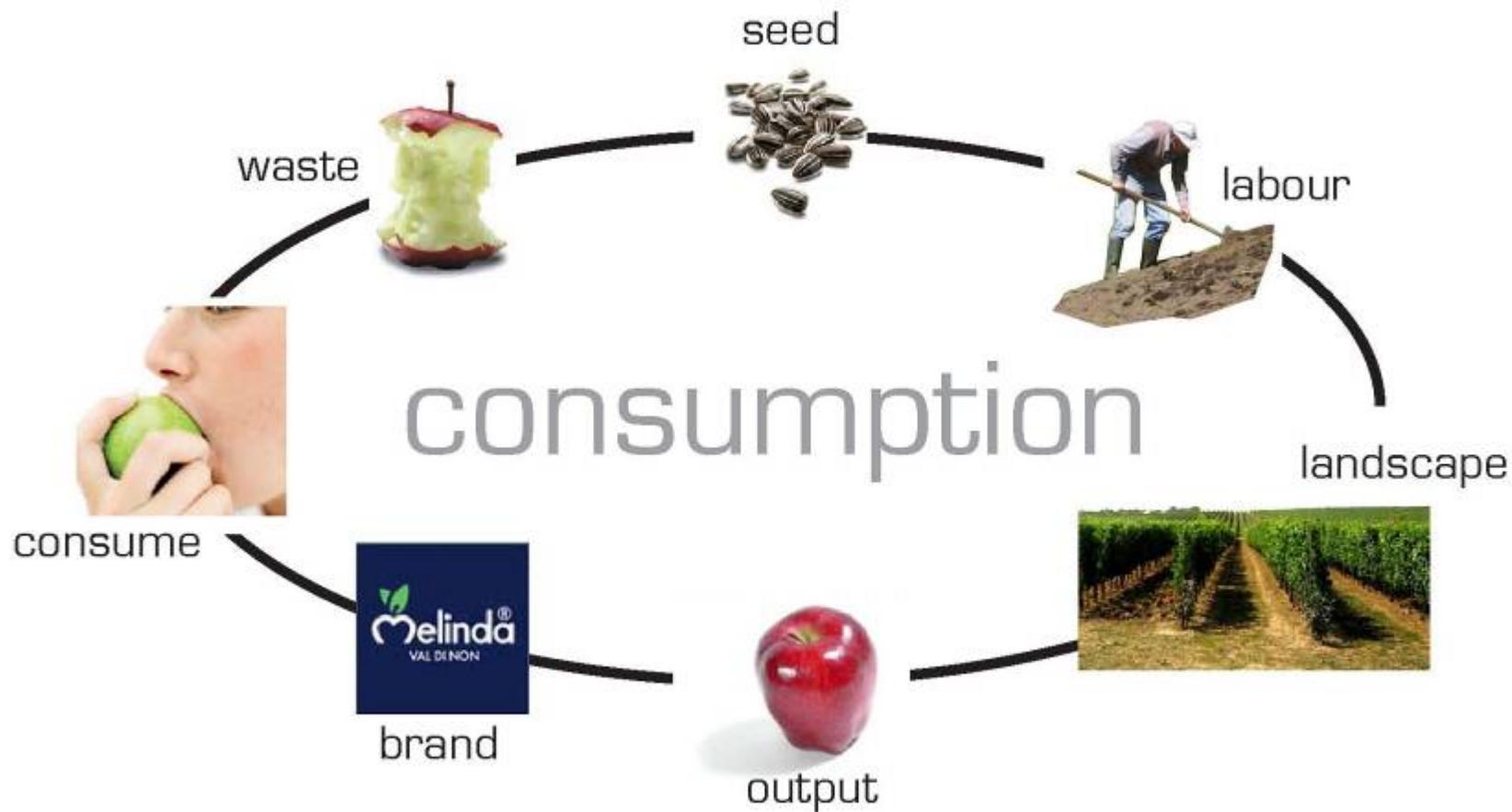


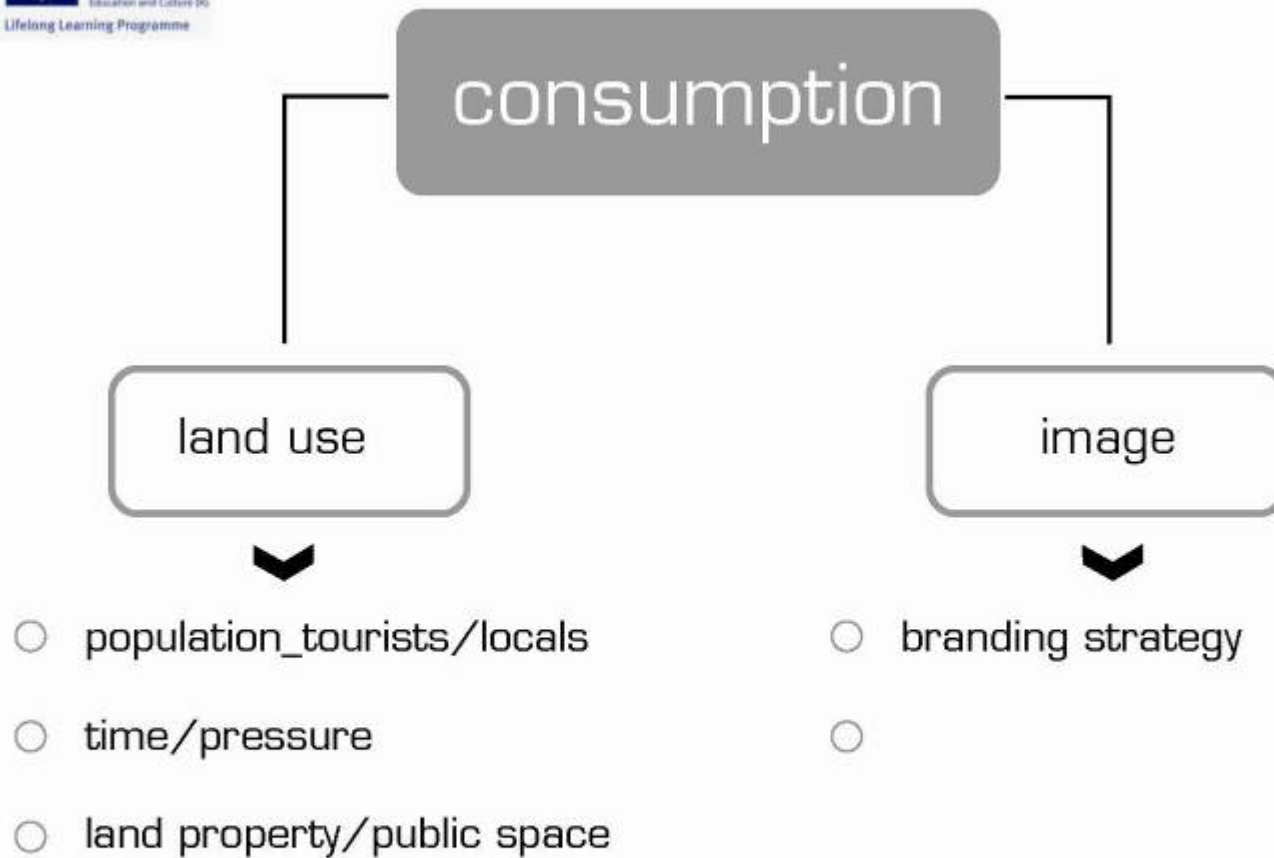




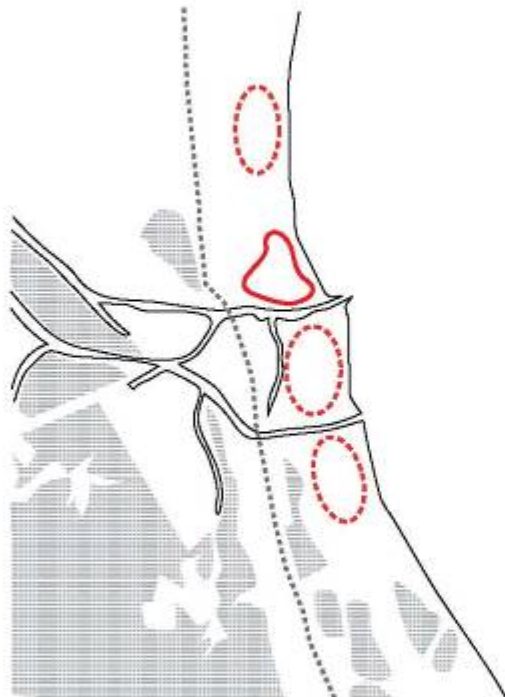




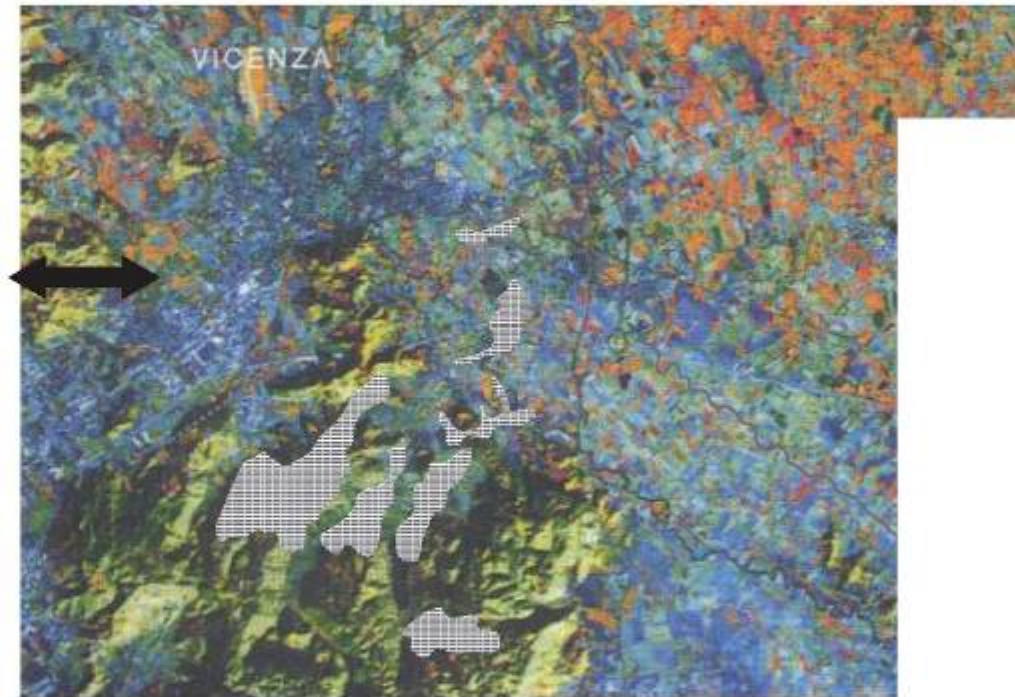




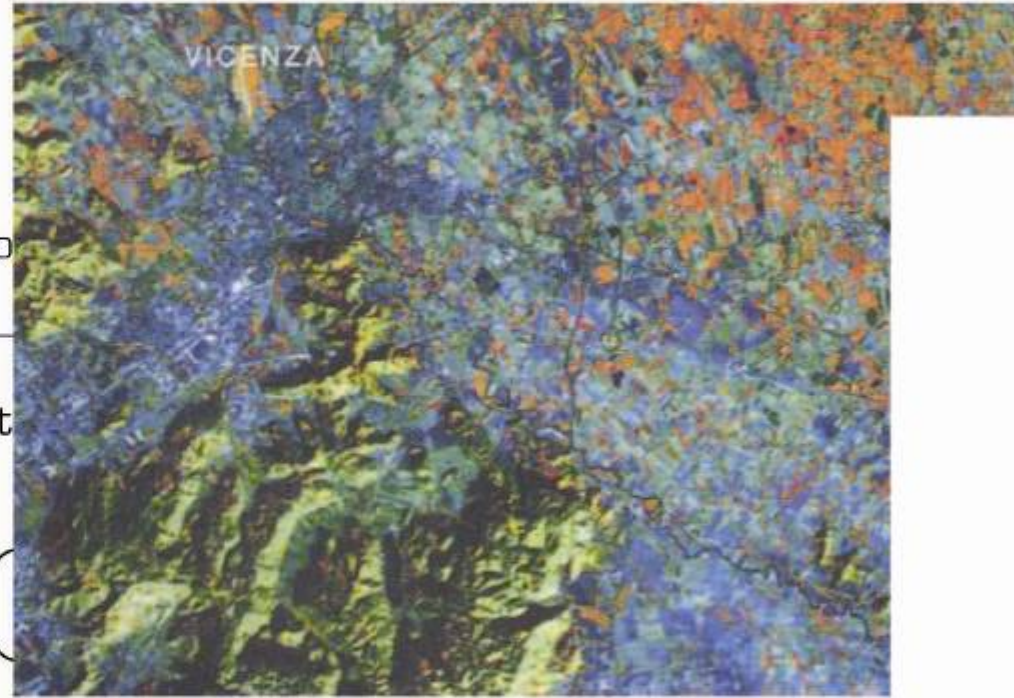
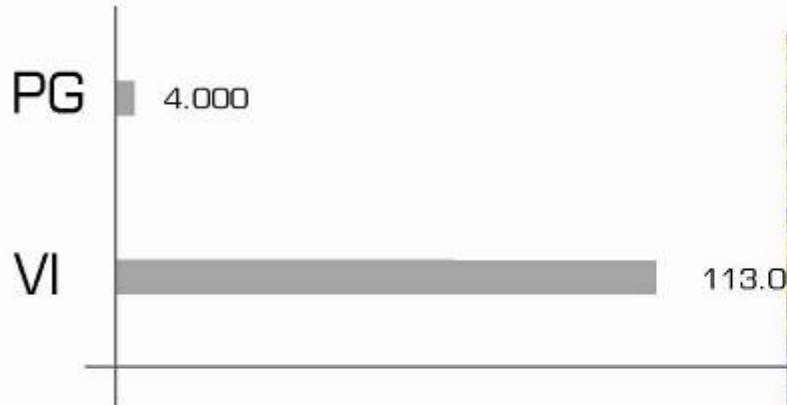
porto garibaldi/system of lidos



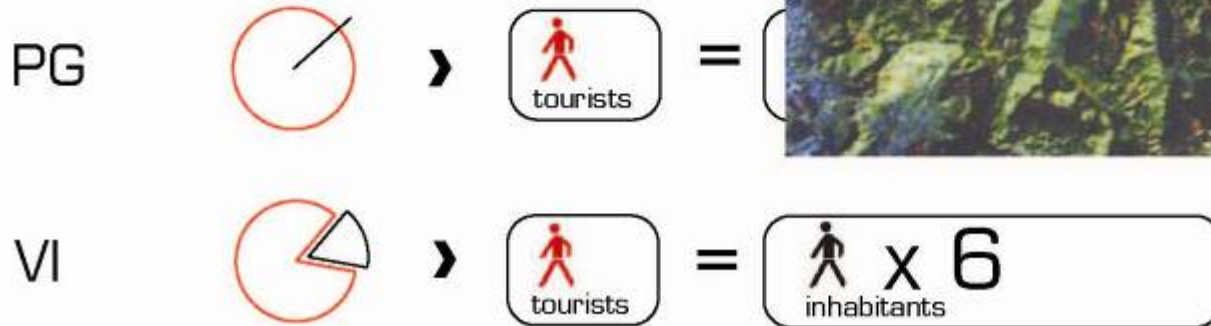
vicenza/system hills



how many inhabitants ?

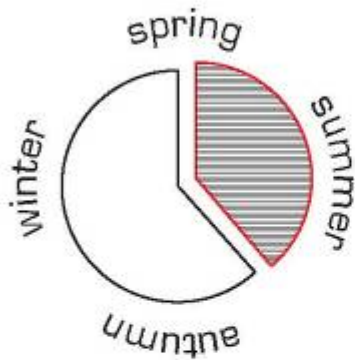


what proportions (inhabitants / tourists

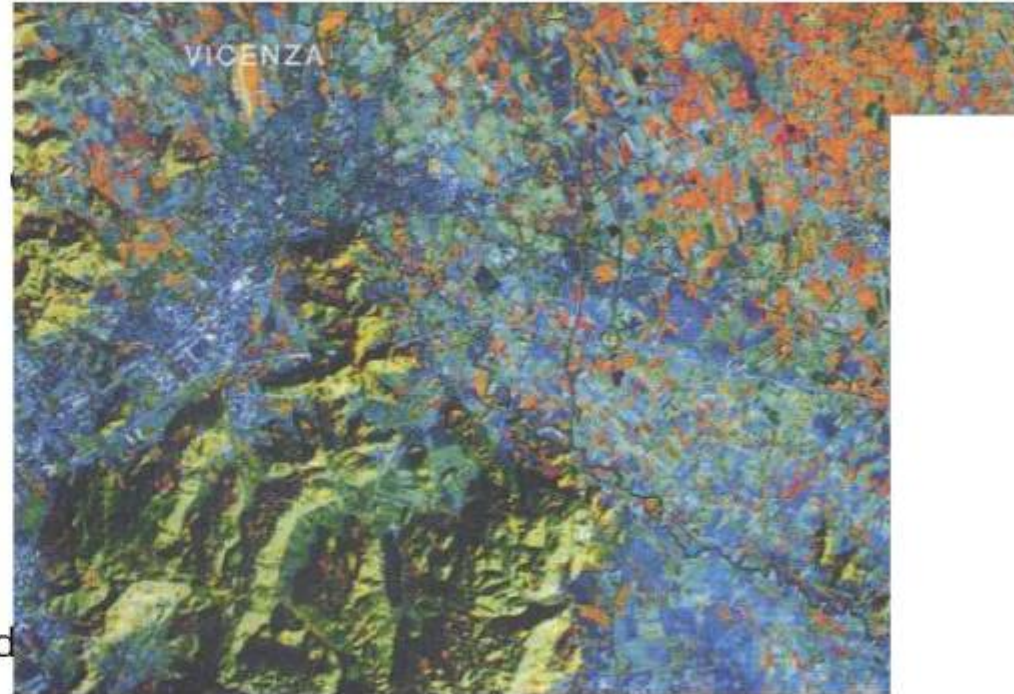


touristic pressure in time

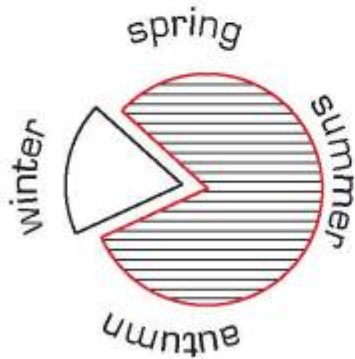
PG



high



VI



low d



Consumption

1. the act of consuming, as by use, decay, or destruction.
2. the amount consumed: the high consumption of gasoline.
3. Economics. the using up of goods and services having an exchangeable value.
4. Pathology.
 - a. Older Use. tuberculosis of the lungs.
 - b. progressive wasting of the body.

Origin:

1350–1400; ME consumpcyon (< MF) < L consūmptiōn- (s. of consūmptiō) a consuming, wasting, equiv. to consūmpt(us), ptp. of consūmere to consume (con- con- + sūmp- (var. s. of sūmere to take up, spend) + -tus ptp. suffix) + -iōn- -ion

Synonyms:

1. depletion, exploitation, utilization.

how consumption affects the landscape

